JANUARY 25.

Mrs. Duniway. Gentlemen of the committee, do you think it possible the agitation like this can go on and on forever without a victory? Do you not that the golden moment has come for this grand committee to achieve image tality upon the grandest idea that has ever stirred the heart-beats of citizens, and will you not in the magnanimity of noble purposes rethe situation and accede to our demand, which in your hearts you is just?

is just?

I do not come before you, gentlemen, with the expectation to instream of the laws of our country. The women around us are law-abmen. They are the mothers, many of them, of true and noble men, many of them, of grand, free husbands, who are listening, watching cagerly for successful tidings of this great experiment.

There never was a grander theory of government than that of the States. Never were grander principles enunciated upon any platform of the grander again, than the deciar "all men," including of course all women, since women are amena.

laws, "are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights * * * that to secure these rights governments are indicated among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed!"

Gentlemen, are we allowed the opportunity of consent? These women who are here from Maine to Oregon, from the Straits of Fuca to the reefs of Florida, who in their representative capacity have come up here so often augmented in their numbers year by year, looking with eyes of hope and hearts of faith, but oftentimes with hopes deferred, upon the final solution of this great problem, which it is so much in your hands to hasten in its solution—these women are in carnest. My State is far away beyond the confines of the Rocky Mountains, away over beside the singing Pacific sea, but the spirit of liberty is among us there, and the public heart has been stirred. The hearts of our men have moved to listen to our demands, and in Washington Territory, as one speaker has informed you, women to-day are endowed with full and free enfranchisement, and the rejoicing throughout that Territory is universal. ment, and the rejoicing throughout that Territory is universal,

In Oregon men have also listened to our demand, and the Legislature has in two successive sessions agreed upon a proposition to amend our State constitution, a proposition which will be submitted for ratification to our voters at the tion, a proposition which will be submitted for ratification to our voters at the coming June election. It is simply a proposition declaring that the right of suffrage shall not hereafter be prohibited in the State of Oregon on account of sex. Your action in the Senate of the United States will greatly determine the action Your action in the Senate of the United States will greatly determine the action of the voters of Oregon on our, or rather on their, election day, for we stand before the public in the anomaly of petitioners upon a great question in which we, in its final decision, are allowed no voice, and we can only stand with expectant hearts and almost bated breath awaiting the action of men who are to

pectant hearts and aimoss bated oreast awaising site action of men who are to make this decision.

We have great hope for our victory, because the men of the broad, free West are grand, and chivalrous, and free. They have gone across the mighty continent with free steps; they have raised the standard of a new Pacific empirication that they have imbibed the spirit of liberty with their very breath, and they have listened to us far in advance of many of the men of the older States who have

listened to us far in advance of many of the men of the older States who have not had their opportunity among the grand free wilds of nature for expansion. So all of our leaders are with us to-day. You may go to either member of the Senate of the United States from Oregon, and while I can not speak so positively for the senior member, as he came over here some years ago before the public were so well educated as now. I can and do proudly vouch for the late Senator-elect Dolph, who now has a seat upon the floor of the Senate, who is hear and soul and hand and purse in sympathy with this great movement for the cufranchisement of the women of Oregon. I would also be unjust to our worthy representative in the lower house, Hon. M. C. George, did I not proudly speak his name in this great connection. Men of this class are with us, and without researd to party affiliations we know that they are upon our side. Our governor researd to party affiliations we know that they are upon our side. representative in the lower house, Hon. M. C. George, did I not proudly speak his name in this great connection. Men of this class are with us, and without regard to party affiliations we know that they are upon our side. Our governor our associate supreme judge for the district of the Pacific, all of these men, are leading in the grand free way that characterizes the men of the West in assisting in this work. But we have—alas, that I should be compelled to say it—a great many men who pay no heed whatever to this question. Men will be mutitled to a voice in this decision who are not, like members of Congress, the picked men of the nation or the State, but men, many of whom can not read, who will have an opportunity to decide this question as far as their ballots can go. These are they to whom the enlightened, educated motherhood of the State of Oregon must look largely for the decision. of Oregon must look largely for the decision.

This brings me to the grand point of our coming to Congress. Some of your say to us, "Why not leave this matter for settlement in the different States of When we leave it for settlement in the different States we leave it justers I have when we leave it for settlement in the different States we leave it press. I have told you, because of the constitutional provisions of our organic law we can made do otherwise; but if the question were to be settled by the Legislature of the gon alone it would be settled now; and I, as a representative of that State only, would have no need of coming here; it would be settled just as it has been stitled in Washington Territory; but when we come here to Congress it is the great nation asking you to take such legislative action in submitting an amendment to the Constitution of the United States as shall recognize the equality of these women who are here; these women who have come here from all parts of the country, whose constituents are looking on while we are here before you. As we reflect that our feeblest words uttered before this committee will go to the confines of this nation and be cabled across the great Atlantic and around the globe, we realize that more and more prominently our cause is growing into public favor, and the time is just upon us when some decision must be made. Gentlemen of the committee, will you not recognize the importance of the movement? Who among you will be our standard-bearer? Who among you will be our standard-bearer? Who among you will be our standard-bearer? Who among you will standing up in these halls in which we are forbidden to speak, and in the magnanimity of your own free wills and noble hearts champion the woman's cause and make us before the law, as we of right ought now to be, free and independent?

now to be, free and independent?