PORTLAND, OREGON, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1883.

O. S. W. S. A.

PROSECUINGS OF THE ELEVENTH ANNUAL CON-VENTION OF THE ORLGON STATE WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Association was called to order at 2 o'clock by the President.

Minutes of the morning session were read and approved.

Mrs. Duniway, Vice-President-at-Large, read her annual report, which was adopted, and is as follows:

In November, 1881, I visited the Washington Territory Legislature, and addressed the honorable body in a joint convention assembled for the purpose of hearing an equal rights argument, in company of a large attendance of spec-tators, including the Governor, the Territorial Secretary, the United States Marshal, and their families, and their other prominent individuals, all of whom accorded the

other promitient individuals, at or whom accorded the appeal the most profound attention.

To the surprise of almost everybody, and smid the gen-eral rejoicing of the better elements of Olympian society, the House of Mepresentatives passed the Woman Suffrage bill at its very next session by a majority of two, when that bill at its very next session by a majority of two, when that branch of the Assembly adjourned for the remainder of the day. The wildest excitement prevailed, and the topic of equal rights formed the theme of conversation in all circles. The Council very soon reached the bill in the regular order, and, to the surprise of those who had not expected the House to vote affirmatively upon the question, the higher bidy, to which the women had looked confidently for assistance, refused to concur by a majority of two, thus leaving the question to a tie vote on joint ballot, and, of course, the bill was lost. course, the bill was lost.

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I continued my labors in Olympia for a brief season, when, learning that it would be impossible to reach a reconsideration of the vote, I returned to Portland, and went 
on with my work in various parts of Oregon until September, 1982. This work consisted in part of my weekly labors 
connected with writing a serial story and furnishing regular editorial correspondence for the New Northwest, 
traveling about constantly and lecturing four times per 
week upon the average, canvassing for the paper, and 
forming local Woman Suffrage clubs wherever the outlook 
was favorable for the same.

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Since my last report was submitted, I have lectured on 26 different occasions, confining my work to Oregon principally, though I have spent in all four weeks in Washington Territory. I neglected this year to prepare and keep a tabulated statement of receipts and expenditures. I tried it for two months, and the balance on the wrong side of the ledger became so large that I feared to keep it up, leat the unpleasant reflection over statistics would so discourage me that I would not have the heart to carry the work to completion. I managed, however, by the sale of my books and by collections at lectures to meet the most of my traveling expenses without drawing upon the finances of the New Northwest, and have had no help outside of my own resources in carrying on the work, except a fund of

travering expenses without drawing upon the finances of the New Northwest, and have had no belp outside of my own resources in carrying on the work, except a fund of \$10.50 which remained in the treasury from the last convention, which sum was paid over to me by order of the Executive Committee to apply on traveling expenses in visiting the Washington Territory Legislature. The citizens of Yakima, W. T., also tendered me a benefit in November of last year, from which I realized \$31, as proceeds of my farewell lecture in that enterprising city.

The work in the Oregon Legislature at its last session was especially satisfactory in results, the Legislature having, by its nearly wasnimous section, acceded to our demands as far as the Constitution of the State would permit. A krand ratification jubiles was held at the Opera House in Salem in honor of the members of the Legislature, at which spritted and excellent speeches were made by Senators Sigtin and Humphrey, Mrs. H. J. Hendershott, Col. C. A. Reed and Mr. W. S. Duntway. The expenses of that meeting, including half rent, music and carriage hite, amounted to \$20, of which I paid \$25, Colonel Reed \$5, and A. Reed and Mr. W. S. Duniway. The expenses of that meeting, including half rent, musle and carriage hire, amounted to \$2, of which I paid \$25, Colonel Reed \$5, and Dr. C. H. Half \$2, I meeting my share of disbursements by dress-making nights and mornings during the entire legis-lative session. I mention these facts that the public may ce that sacrifices must be made by somebally if we succeed in keeping this movement before the people.

The outbook, among intelligent men, is favorable, one upon this question could be left to brains only ould be no doubt as to our ultimate success. I there would be no doubt as to our ultimate sussess. But we know it is not brains alone, but numbers, that win at the bailot-box: therefore we must be diligent in our efforts to ire the affirmative votes of numbers

I have nothing to recommend further than his already been suggested by our worthy President. We must have a campaign fund, and it is hoped that this convention will mathe committees to seeme the necessary means to reach every voter in the State with arguments to stimulate pride, awaken patriotism, and arouse enthusiasm. We need the awaken patriotism, and arouse enthusiasm. We need the cooperation of intelligent, influential and wealthy men, and we carnestly arge them to "some over into Macedonia and help us." Oregon's grand opportunity has come. She can lead the van in this great march of liberty if her soms shall will it. We look to men for aid, and our experience in the past embeddens us to hope that we need not book to them in valu in the future.